Surveillance Rover Based On Real Time Object Recognition

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ABSTRACT: In the past few years there have been plenty of technical advancements in surveillance, by the introduction of types of closed loop cameras. These have assisted in solving crime scenes and yet, the rate has not reduced due to the immovability of the surveillance equipment. In any hostage situations security cameras are the first to be targeted by the outlaws to protect their identity. therefore, the need for the development of mobile surveillance equipment is high.

Residential areas, government organizations, spaces, schools and hospitals, commercial industries, banking and other challenging indoor and outdoor environments require surveillance systems. This project proposes a rover which can be controlled through the internet and can be used for surveillance applications. Raspberry Pi 3 B+ is used as the brain of the system and the module is also capable of performing Object Recognition using the YOLO.V3 algorithm which is based on deep learning. The rover can be controlled through an android application which communicates with the Raspberry Pi on the Rover and gets the job done. VNC viewer is used to have an access to the Raspbian OS of Raspberry Pi to make changes in its functioning.

Keywords: surveillance. Raspberry Pi 3 B+, YOLO.V3, deep learning, Raspbian OS.

I. INTRODUCTION

In the existing scenario almost, all modern application employ image processing techniques. All the application from object recognition or object detection to basic operation like filtering, compression and enhancement comes into picture when we think of image processing domain. Thus, image processing is undoubtedly one of the most employed and popular domains.

This proposed system deals with the design of a Rover module which can be used for surveillance application and can perform object recognition in real time [3] and [4]. These papers [3] and [4] proposes implantation of rover with Raspberry Pi for object detection. The rover module

is programmed so as to live stream the video which it captures with the help of a camera through internet and the rover is controlled through an android application which is explained in paper [1].

Surveillance is mandatory in many areas to ensure the safety or the monitor the functioning, preventing crimes, collection of evidence, avoid any intruders etc which is referred from paper [4]. This project proposes a rover that can be used for such application which can be controlled through the internet and respective area can be monitored without any human intervention. It is also programmed to perform Object recognition based on deep learning techniques and can recognize objects that it captures on the video and can be programmed to send any alert if some particular object is detected of the objects that the rover encounters in its path [2]. This paper give us knowledge about deep learning and propose efficient method for object detection.

Object recognition is gaining importance in the field of image processing ever since its being implemented and is employed in almost all high end application like ADAS (Advance Driver Assistance System), Manufacturing application in Military applications, industries, Designing machines, Surveillance and monitoring Applications etc. For example, Tesla Auto Pilot is considered to be the best implementation of ADAS where the vehicle can drive to the required destination with no human interference provided the ideal conditions.

Object Recognition or Object Detection is the process of identifying different objects in an image or a video based on the features (inputs) that has been fed in the prior and trained accordingly. YOLO Object Recognition Algorithm is used for the purpose of the object recognition and it is not a region-based algorithm like ResNet, R-CNN etc. The architecture of YOLO is more like that of a F-CNN. YOLO trains on complete image while training and is ideal for hardware with low processing power and is a bit faster than R-CNN.

II. THE PROPOSED SYSTEM

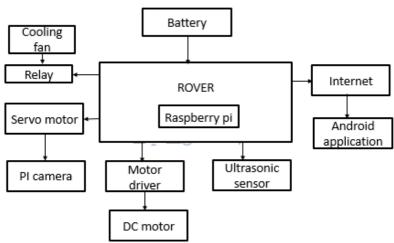


Figure -1 Block Diagram of proposed system

The system consists of two the Rover and the user end. The user end is the VNC viewer from which the Raspbian operating system of the Raspberry Pi is remotely shared to the PC/Mobile of the user through which any changes can be modified. For controlling the movement and reading the data from the Raspberry Pi Blynk android application id implemented and the communication between the application and Pi is achieved via local Blynk Server. The rover end consists of the Raspberry Pi, Pi Camera, L293D motor driver IC, Relay Module, 1,2 Ah Battery 0f 12V, servo motor, two Dc motors, HC-SR05 Ultra Sonic sensor and four wheels which aid in the movement of the Pi.

The Dc motors are connected to the Raspberry Pi via the motor driver which is generally an H-Bridge circuit and aids in achieving the speed and direction control of the two 12V Dc motors to which the wheels are attached. The GPIO pins of the Pi are configured to output a high pulse to the L293 which aids in the movement of the rover. The Pi is connected to the Raspberry Pi through the Camera Serial Interface and a servo motor is attached to the Pi cam for rotation. The Raspberry Pi Cam is preferred over the Webcam so as to bring the Graphic Processing Unit of the Raspberry Pi into picture for video capture and object recognition and to achieve higher frame rates.A 12V battery which can pump up exactly 1.2 Ampere Current for an Hour is implemented to power up the Rover.

The relay module is a switching circuit of 4 channels which is used for making and breaking the circuit and the IP pins of the module are connected to the GPIO of the Raspberry Pi.A 12V cooling fan is provided for the Raspberry Pi to ais

the performance and to prevent thermal throttling. Moreover, the Raspberry Pi has only 1 Gb of LPDDR2 Ram and running such a big script for all the control, sensor data and object recognition will surely reduce its performance so it's better to have some heat dissipation system. HC-SR05 Ultra Sonic sensor is placed in front of the rover to detect the objects that the Raspberry Pi may encounter and to measure the distance if the object is within its range. It emits ultra-sonic waves of high frequency and when they touch any object they are reflected back and detected by the sensor.

III. RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

The whole assembly is based on a metal slab(plate) to which holes are drilled through out to fit screws. Four wheels are attached to the sides of the plate and the two rear wheels are connected to the 12V DC motors for movement. A cardboard of the same size as that of the metal slab is placed and fixed on top of the slab which aids in fitting of the components. The cardboard is used to provide isolation between components and the metal plate to avoid any losses and as metal plate is not ideal to fit any electronics on top of it. The Raspberry Pi, Motor Driver Modules, Relay modules, Battery are fitted on top of the Cardboard and the connections are given. The Pi Camera is fitted to a servo motor which aids in the rotation of the camera and is fitted at the front of the Rover.HC-SR05 Ultrasonic Sensor is attached at the front of the Rover for getting the job of obstacle detection done

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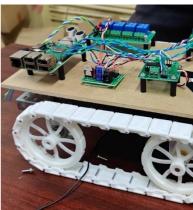


Fig -2 Rover Module

The results of the object detection is as follows;

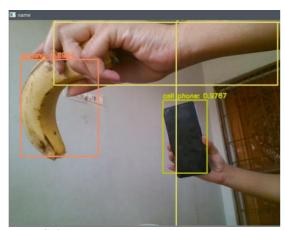


FIG-3 Demonstration of object recognition

In this project a surveillance rover module which can perform multiple tasks such as object recognition, video streaming and data collection from multiple sensors is developed. This project proposes a low-cost module which can perform complex tasks such as the object detection with minimum resources. Yolo Object Recognition algorithm which is based on deep learning is implemented in this project. The communication between the user and the rover module is achieved through internet via an android application. This module can be implemented for a variety of surveillance applications. It can be programmed to move on its own through a defined path and alert the user if any person (specific object) is found. The object recognition model can be trained to detect as many objects as we want by feeding the images of that particular object as input and training it. The system is flexible enough to allow any changes the user wants to make and can be programmed accordingly.

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